

## Test žáka

Zdroj testu: Celoplošná zkouška 2

Školní rok 2012/2013

## ANGLICKÝ JAZYK

Jméno: \_\_\_\_\_ Třída: \_\_\_\_\_

Škola: \_\_\_\_\_

# NIQES

Národní systém  
inspekčního hodnocení  
vzdělávací soustavy

Termín provedení testu: \_\_\_\_\_

Datum vytvoření: 14. 10. 2013

## Obtížnost 1

## Úloha 1



**Man:** I can't find my passport!

**Woman:** Here! I hope we didn't forget to close the windows.

**Man:** I'm sure I closed them.

**Woman:** I feel nervous. Have we packed everything?

**Man:** Look, Marta! Our passports, our tickets, our hotel vouchers... This is all we need for the next 2 weeks.

**Woman:** All right. We have everything we need, so let's check in our bags.

**Man:** Good idea. Oh no, look at the board – our flight is delayed. 30 more minutes to wait!

You will hear 5 dialogues. For each dialogue, choose the correct answer.

The man and the woman are

- in a hotel room.
- at a police station.
- at the market.
- at an airport.

## Úloha 2



**Derek:** Excuse me, Mr. Stone, could I ask you about something, please?

**Geography teacher:** Yes, Derek. Of course.

**Derek:** Hmm...

**Geography teacher:** What's the problem, Derek?

**Derek:** Mr. Stone, I enjoy working on projects...

**Geography teacher:** I know! Your and Emily's projects are almost always the best ones.

**Derek:** Thank you, Mr. Stone. My grandfather sometimes helps me, he's been to a lot of countries and knows interesting things about them. He collects maps too.

**Geography teacher:** Your grandfather is a great man!

**Derek:** Yes, he is. But... the new project should be about the sky in summer. I'm not sure if I can do the project. The topic is not easy... Could I write about something different, for example, about Antarctica?

**Geography teacher:** Look, Derek, you can't write about Antarctica, because everything is on the Internet today. Watching stars at night, taking pictures of the sky and thinking about space is more difficult but, I hope, more interesting too. Don't worry!

Hear and choose the correct answer.

Derek talks to his geography teacher because

- he has lost a map.
- he wants to change the topic of his project.
- he can't find his project.
- he doesn't want to do his project with Emily.

## Úloha 3



**Diana:** Mum, what clothes would you put on for a garden party with your friends?

**Mother:** For a garden party with my friends? Well, nothing formal... I have never thought about that much, Diana. Why are you asking?

**Diana:** There'll be a competition in the shopping centre.

**Mother:** About fashion?

**Diana:** Yes, about fashion but more about your taste in clothes. I mean if you know what clothes make you attractive or what matches a blue jacket and so on.

**Mother:** Will they ask you questions?

**Diana:** No. This competition is very practical. They will say, for example, a job interview or a golf match and we'll have to find the best clothes for a job interview or a golf match and put them on. Experts on fashion will give us points. There's a time limit too.

**Mother:** Hmm, interesting...

**Diana:** Of course, we can lose points if we choose wrong colours, something that doesn't fit or something not right for a situation.

**Mother:** Well, I think it's very useful to know what clothes to wear in different situations.

**Diana:** So do I.

Hear and choose the correct answer.

In the competition Diana has to

- make interesting clothes.
- choose the right clothes.
- answer questions about fashion.
- be a model in a fashion show.

## Úloha 4



**Journalist:** Miranda, have you always wanted to guide visitors in a castle?

**Miranda:** Actually, I've never thought about that. Both my parents are guides, I was born here and this castle has been my home for 19 years.

**Journalist:** That sounds romantic! Most people can't spend their childhood in a castle...

**Miranda:** Yes, and they sometimes believe the only thing I do is walk around in a long dress... But... living in a castle is not romantic today, at least not for me. I am not a princess and it is not my castle. I only live and work here. And... I often think living in a modern house in the city centre would be better. Somewhere close to restaurants and cinemas...

**Journalist:** But you like your job, don't you?

**Miranda:** Yes, I do! I like it because every day I can learn something new about the past. A guide must be interested in history and read a lot about it! Well, it's not easy to be a guide, we work all year round. In winter the castle is closed but we work hard to get it ready for the new season, which starts in April.

**Journalist:** How do you attract visitors?

**Miranda:** Fortunately, we have enough visitors because this castle is quite famous. Anyway, we always try to offer something special to them. For example, it's possible to see this castle at night, which is very exciting for children. Or you can enjoy a big dinner with food typical of the 16th century and many other things.

**Journalist:** Miranda, I think I know what I will be doing next weekend!

Hear and choose the correct answer.

Miranda likes her job because she

- works only 6 months of the year.
- lives in a famous castle.
- enjoys night tours with children.
- learns about history.

### Úloha 5



**Daisy:** Have you seen my book, Mark? I've been looking for it since yesterday.

**Mark:** Is this the book you're looking for? I found it next to the bath, Daisy.

**Daisy:** Oh, I left it in the bathroom!

**Mark:** What sort of book is that? All About Names...

**Daisy:** There are over one thousand names in the book. It tells you what your name means.

**Mark:** Daisy means a daisy, I don't have to read any book to know that your name comes from a flower.

**Daisy:** If you read the book, you will see that it's not true! My name means day's eye, the Sun!

**Mark:** Great! So your parents chose this name for you because it means the Sun?

**Daisy:** No. My parents are... practical. My mother says our lives are easier if our names are memorable.

**Mark:** Memorable?!!

**Daisy:** Yes, if our names are not difficult to remember and people don't have to ask us three times: Sorry, what's your name? Everyone remembers my name very quickly, so my mother chose well, I think. She also says that our name is important for success in life.

**Mark:** You're right! Daisy Moss – the top model, for example. Her first name as well as her surname is short and easy to learn. She isn't as successful as 15 years ago but she's still a star. I love her talk show!

Hear and choose the correct answer.

The girl is called *Daisy*

- because this name is easy to remember.
- because it is her mother's favourite flower.
- because it means the Sun.
- after Daisy Moss, a top model in the 1990's.

## Úloha 6



Walt Disney was born on 5th December 1901 in Chicago, in the state of Illinois, in the USA. His father was a farmer and his mother was a housewife. He had three brothers and one sister: Roy, Raymond, Herbert and Ruth. At the age of five his family moved to Missouri. His father bought a farm there. Walt liked drawing very much and he drew everything he saw around the farm. Later the family moved to Kansas City. Walt started to go to Saturday classes at the Kansas City Art Institute. During World War I he worked as an ambulance driver in France. After the war he decided to get a job in an art business. He made advertisements for newspapers and magazines. Soon after, he and his brother Roy started their own company and The Disney Studio produced their first cartoons Alice Comedies. Two years later he got married. He had an elder daughter named Diane and a younger one Sharon. In 1934 Disney made his first film. Most of his characters such as Mickey Mouse, Pluto, Pinocchio or Cinderella are parts of every child's life. His first theme park, Disneyland, was opened in July 1955 in southern California. Walt Disney died in 1966. The first Disneyland outside the United States was opened in Japan in 1983. You can also visit the European Disney theme park in France.

You will hear a pupil presenting his project on Walt Disney. Complete each question about Walt Disney with ONE word or number.

Place his family bought in Missouri: \_\_ (1) \_\_

(1)

Day he went to classes at the Art Institute: \_\_ (2) \_\_

(2)

He had \_\_ (3) \_\_ children. (*write number*)

(3)

Year that the first Disneyland opened (*write number*): \_\_ (4) \_\_

(4)

Country where the company opened the first Disneyland outside the USA: \_\_ (5) \_\_

(5)

## Úloha 7

Match notices to right sentences. You do not need 3 notices.

TWILIGHT SAGA - Get your DVD today Only £5.99

You must wear a swimming cap.

In this pub, you can only eat or drink things you buy here.

ROAD CLOSED

CHANGING ROOMS

NO BIKES ON BEACH

Parking for hotel guests only

NO MORE THAN 5 PEOPLE

Please stand on the right

BOOK YOUR TRAIN TICKETS HERE

You may buy this for a special price.

Vybrané odpovědi:

You need to cover your head.

Vybrané odpovědi:

You mustn't bring your own food to this place.

Vybrané odpovědi:

Drivers have to use another way.

Vybrané odpovědi:

If you want to try some clothes on, enter here.

Vybrané odpovědi:

You mustn't cycle here.

Vybrané odpovědi:

Only people who are staying in this building can leave their cars here.

Vybrané odpovědi:

## Úloha 8

Read the article. Are sentences 1 – 8 'True' or 'False'? If there is not enough information in the text, choose 'Doesn't say'.

**There's Something About Chocolate** Milk or bitter. Dark or white. A hot drink or a bar. Always a big pleasure of life. Chocolate.

Chocolate is one of the most popular products people can make. When we eat chocolate, we usually feel happy. That's why we remember the moments when we were eating chocolate as positive and we look forward to eating it next time. People who are not chocolate lovers sometimes buy chocolate too, because it is a present that makes almost everyone pleased.

Chocolate was important centuries ago. For example, the Aztecs used cocoa beans to make chocolate and also to pay for other products. Of course, there is a big difference between the chocolate made by the Aztecs and the chocolate we buy in supermarkets. The Aztecs knew chocolate only as a cold drink, which was not sweet at all. Today we can choose between dark, milk or white chocolate in many different forms.

It is interesting that the same kind of chocolate is not always the same, because different countries have different laws. For example, in the Czech Republic milk chocolate must have over 25% of cocoa, but in Great Britain only over 20%. Opinions of white chocolate are different, too. In some countries white chocolate is not called chocolate because there is no cocoa, only cocoa butter in it.

Everybody knows that too much chocolate is unhealthy. Dogs or cats can die if they eat only very little chocolate. *Theobromine*, a substance found in chocolate, makes people active and happy, but it is very dangerous for most animals. In the past, people gave chocolate (and *theobromine*) to race horses to make them run more quickly. Fortunately, giving *theobromine* to them is against the law today.

Chocolate is a topic of books and films, too. *Charlie and the Chocolate Factory*, a film adaptation of the book by Roald Dahl, was a very successful film, nominated for an Oscar in 2006.

The most important day for chocolate is 13th September. It's the International Chocolate Day. If you decide to have a chocolate party on this day, remember that chocolate is a special kind of food and it is good for your health only if you don't eat it too much.

Happy people eat more chocolate.

- (1)            False  
                  True  
                  Doesn't say

*The Aztecs* used cocoa beans as money.

- (2)            False  
                  True  
                  Doesn't say

*The Aztecs* drank chocolate.

- (3)            True  
                  Doesn't say  
                  False

Chocolate in the Czech Republic is more expensive than chocolate in Great Britain.

- (4)        Doesn't say  
             True  
             False

Milk chocolate in the Czech Republic has less cocoa in it than milk chocolate in Great Britain.

- (5)        False  
             True  
             Doesn't say

Chocolate can kill a dog.

- (6)        False  
             True  
             Doesn't say

Horses are faster after chocolate.

- (7)        False  
             True  
             Doesn't say

Roald Dahl made the film *Charlie and the Chocolate Factory*.

- (8)        True  
             False  
             Doesn't say



## Obtížnost 2

## Úloha 9

Choose the correct word for each space.

## Life on Earth

I think that the Earth is \_\_ (1) \_\_ amazing place. People can live almost \_\_ (2) \_\_ on this planet. Well, it is not easy to live in some parts of the world but people know how to survive because they \_\_ (3) \_\_ what houses to build or what clothes to wear \_\_ (4) \_\_ the climate is difficult. For example, *the Inuits*, \_\_ (5) \_\_ live in Greenland, can build igloos, houses from hard snow. It's true that they \_\_ (6) \_\_ in them in the past, but an igloo is a good example of how people can adapt to a situation. Libya is one of \_\_ (7) \_\_ countries in the world and its hot climate plays a key role in everyday life. For example, nomads from the Sahara Desert know how to get dressed to survive +50 °C. Of course, very \_\_ (8) \_\_ people live in the desert, so a large part of Libya is almost empty. Understanding fauna and flora is important for life too. For example, in the Amazon rainforest people must be very careful when they \_\_ (9) \_\_, because the rainforest is full of snakes. Very small children also know what plants and animals they \_\_ (10) \_\_ eat or even touch because they could kill them. Life on this planet is not always easy, but it is very interesting.

- (1)        ---  
              very  
              an  
              the
- (2)        everywhere  
              someone  
              everyone  
              somewhere
- (3)        were learning  
              will learn  
              have learned  
              learned
- (4)        that  
              so  
              if  
              to
- (5)        who  
              all  
              what  
              which
- (6)        lived  
              should live  
              live  
              are living

- (7) the hottest  
more hotter  
most hotter  
the hot
- (8) little  
few  
much  
a lot of
- (9) going to walk  
were walking  
are walking  
walked
- (10) needn't  
can  
should  
mustn't

### Úloha 10

Choose the correct word for each space.

#### Eve's Favourite 'Subject'

Eve Baker was only five years old when she \_\_(1)\_\_ school. Soon she could read and write a few \_\_(2)\_\_ words. She could also draw and paint well and she liked singing. All small boys and girls in her class were \_\_(3)\_\_, so Eve loved school very much, especially reading. One Saturday morning, while she was having breakfast with her parents and her \_\_(4)\_\_ in the kitchen, her mother said, 'I know you are enjoying your first year at school, Eve, but what do you like best? Reading, maths, \_\_(5)\_\_ or maybe drawing and painting?' Eve \_\_(6)\_\_ about the question for a \_\_(7)\_\_ and then she answered with a big smile on her face, 'No, I think my favourite part is the lunch \_\_(8)\_\_! We can play outside in the \_\_(9)\_\_. We can run, shout and have fun! It's \_\_(10)\_\_\_!'

- (1) felt  
lost  
gave  
began
- (2) wide  
sure  
ill  
simple

- (3) low  
dead  
kind  
sick
- (4) aunt  
journey  
handbag  
brain
- (5) collecting  
spelling  
selling  
repeating
- (6) brought  
took  
thought  
caught
- (7) nature  
card  
short  
while
- (8) forest  
box  
road  
break
- (9) bridge  
playground  
office  
trip
- (10) amazing  
careful  
terrible  
dangerous

## Úloha 11

Read the definitions and write correct words.

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Thin in an attractive way, NOT fat (*adjective, 4 letters, first letter is S*): \_\_ (1) \_\_

(1)

The second month of the year, between January and March (*noun, 8 letters, first letter is F*): \_\_ (2) \_\_

(2)

Seven days from Monday to Sunday (or from Sunday to Saturday) (*noun, 4 letters, first letter is W*): \_\_ (3) \_\_

(3)

To sit on a horse or a bike and travel (*verb, 4 letters, first letter is R*): \_\_ (4) \_\_

(4)

To go away from a place (*verb, 5 letters, first letter is L*): \_\_ (5) \_\_

(5)

The part of your face, above your mouth and between your eyes (*noun, 4 letters, first letter is N*): \_\_ (6) \_\_

(6)

Not from your own country, from another country (*adjective, 7 letters, first letter is F*): \_\_ (7) \_\_

(7)

To move quickly using your legs (*verb, 3 letters, first letter is R*): \_\_ (8) \_\_

(8)